NAG Toolbox for MATLAB

s17dh

1 Purpose

s17dh returns the value of the Airy function Bi(z) or its derivative Bi'(z) for complex z, with an option for exponential scaling.

2 Syntax

```
[bi, ifail] = s17dh(deriv, z, scal)
```

3 Description

s17dh returns a value for the Airy function $\mathrm{Bi}(z)$ or its derivative $\mathrm{Bi}'(z)$, where z is complex, $-\pi < \arg z \le \pi$. Optionally, the value is scaled by the factor $e^{\left|\operatorname{Re}\left(2z\sqrt{z}/3\right)\right|}$.

The function is derived from the function CBIRY in Amos 1986. It is based on the relations $\mathrm{Bi}(z) = \frac{\sqrt{z}}{\sqrt{3}} \big(I_{-1/3}(w) + I_{1/3}(w)\big)$, and $\mathrm{Bi}'(z) = \frac{z}{\sqrt{3}} \big(I_{-2/3}(w) + I_{2/3}(w)\big)$, where I_{ν} is the modified Bessel function and $w = 2z\sqrt{z}/3$.

For very large |z|, argument reduction will cause total loss of accuracy, and so no computation is performed. For slightly smaller |z|, the computation is performed but results are accurate to less than half of *machine precision*. If Re(z) is too large, and the unscaled function is required, there is a risk of overflow and so no computation is performed. In all the above cases, a warning is given by the function.

4 References

Abramowitz M and Stegun I A 1972 Handbook of Mathematical Functions (3rd Edition) Dover Publications

Amos D E 1986 Algorithm 644: A portable package for Bessel functions of a complex argument and non-negative order *ACM Trans. Math. Software* **12** 265–273

5 Parameters

5.1 Compulsory Input Parameters

1: **deriv** – **string**

Specifies whether the function or its derivative is required.

deriv = 'F'

Bi(z) is returned.

deriv = 'D'

Bi'(z) is returned.

Constraint: **deriv** = 'F' or 'D'.

2: z - complex scalar

The argument z of the function.

3: scal – string

The scaling option.

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```
scal = 'U'
```

The result is returned unscaled.

$$scal = 'S'$$

The result is returned scaled by the factor $e^{\left|\operatorname{Re}\left(2z\sqrt{z}/3\right)\right|}$.

Constraint: scal = 'U' or 'S'.

5.2 Optional Input Parameters

None.

5.3 Input Parameters Omitted from the MATLAB Interface

None

5.4 Output Parameters

1: **bi – complex scalar**

The required function or derivative value.

2: ifail - int32 scalar

0 unless the function detects an error (see Section 6).

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

Errors or warnings detected by the function:

ifail = 1

```
On entry, \mathbf{deriv} \neq 'F' or 'D'. or \mathbf{scal} \neq 'U' or 'S'.
```

ifail = 2

No computation has been performed due to the likelihood of overflow, because real(z) is too large – how large depends on the overflow threshold of the machine. This error exit can only occur when scal = 'U'.

ifail = 3

The computation has been performed, but the errors due to argument reduction in elementary functions make it likely that the result returned by s17dh is accurate to less than half of *machine precision*. This error exit may occur if ABS(z) is greater than a machine-dependent threshold value.

ifail = 4

No computation has been performed because the errors due to argument reduction in elementary functions mean that all precision in the result returned by s17dh would be lost. This error exit may occur if ABS(z) is greater than a machine-dependent threshold value.

ifail = 5

No result is returned because the algorithm termination condition has not been met. This may occur because the parameters supplied to s17dh would have caused overflow or underflow.

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7 Accuracy

All constants in s17dh are given to approximately 18 digits of precision. Calling the number of digits of precision in the floating-point arithmetic being used t, then clearly the maximum number of correct digits in the results obtained is limited by $p = \min(t, 18)$. Because of errors in argument reduction when computing elementary functions inside s17dh, the actual number of correct digits is limited, in general, by p - s, where $s \approx \max(1, |\log_{10}|z||)$ represents the number of digits lost due to the argument reduction. Thus the larger the value of |z|, the less the precision in the result.

Empirical tests with modest values of z, checking relations between Airy functions Ai(z), Ai'(z), Bi(z) and Bi'(z), have shown errors limited to the least significant 3-4 digits of precision.

8 Further Comments

Note that if the function is required to operate on a real argument only, then it may be much cheaper to call s17ah or s17ak.

9 Example

```
deriv = 'F';
z = complex(0.3, +0.4);
scal = 'U';
[bi, ifail] = s17dh(deriv, z, scal)

bi =
    0.7355 + 0.1825i
ifail =
    0
```

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